Ada Lovelace



Lived: 1815 – 1852



Place of Birth: London, England



Who is Ada Lovelace?

Ada Lovelace
was a pioneering
mathematician.
She worked with
Charles Babbage
(another famous
mathematician and
inventor) and is now
credited as being
the first computer
programmer.

Mathematical Visionary

Ada made connections between patterns in maths and those in the newly developing weaving industries of the time.



Ada Lovelace Day

Celebrated on second Tuesday of October.



Computer Pioneer!

Whilst evaluating Charles Babbage's Analytical Engine (a machine which performed mathematical calculations) she wrote about how the machine could repeat a series of instructions. This process, known as looping, is still used by computers today.

Legacy

Ada Lovelace's enduring legacy is celebrated on Ada Lovelace Day, inspiring women in STEM fields globally with her groundbreaking contributions to the world of computing.











Florence Nightingale



Lived: 1820 - 1910



Place of Birth: Florence, Italy



Who is Florence Nightingale?

Florence Nightingale
was a nurse who
treated soldiers
during the Crimean
War. Her ideas
improved healthcare
practices globally.

Nursing Pioneer!

Florence was
known as 'the
lady with the
lamp'. After the
war, she set up
the Nightingale
Training School for
Nurses. Her ideas
changed nursing
forever and people
realised that
nursing was a very
important job.

Healthcare Reformer

When she arrived in Crimea, the hospital was filthy. She made plans for builders to make new hospitals with clean water and clean beds which saved many of the soldier's lives.





12th May International Nurses Day.

Legacy

Florence Nightingale's enduring legacy is celebrated on International Nurses Day. Her contributions continue to shape modern healthcare worldwide.









Helen Sharman



Lived: 1963 – present



Place of Birth: Sheffield, England



Who is Helen Sharman?

Helen Sharman was the first British astronaut to travel to space! She made history as the first woman to visit the Mir Space Station in 1991 and continues to inspire future space enthusiasts.

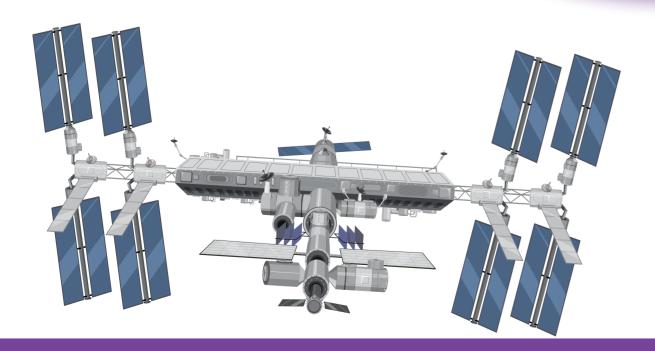
Space Pioneer!

Helen was selected from 30,000 applicants to be Britain's first astronaut. On 18th May 1991, she embarked on an eight-day mission



Scientific Achievements

At Mir, Helen carried out scientific investigations in the low gravity atmosphere, including medical and communication tests.



Legacy

Helen has received many awards for her pioneering achievements with space exploration. She continues to actively encourage young people to get involved with learning about science and technology.









Katherine Johnson



Lived: 1918 - 2020



Place of Birth: West Virginia, USA



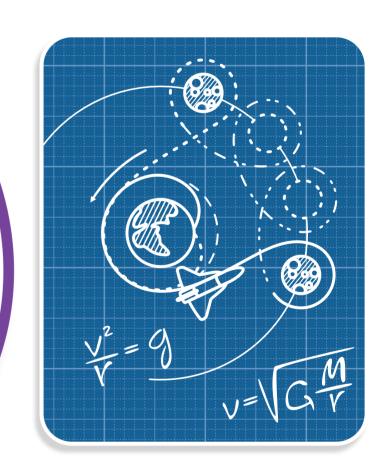
Who is Katherine Johnson?

Katherine Johnson was a brilliant mathematician known for working out the paths that spacecrafts took for historic space missions.

Space Math Genius!

Katherine worked at NASA performing many complicated mathematical tasks. One of her biggest achievements was helping man land on the moon for the first time in 1969.





Trailblazing Mathematician

Katherine overcame racial and gender prejudices during her life. Her mathematical work contributed to many of NASA's successes.

Legacy

Katherine's contributions to making manned space exploration possible resulted in her receiving lots of awards. During her later years, she visited many schools to encourage children to study maths and science









Maggie Aderin-Pocock



Lived: 1968 - present



Place of Birth: London, England

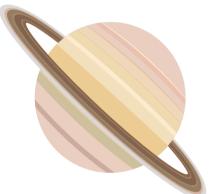


Who is Maggie Aderin-Pocock?

Maggie Aderin-Pocock is a British space scientist and engineer who loves studying stars and educating about space.

Fun Fact!

In 2023, Mattel created a Barbie doll of Maggie Aderin-Pocock to celebrate International Women's Day.

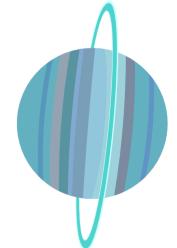














Cool Job!

She has worked on missile warning systems and helped invent a device to detect landmines. As a space scientist, presenter and speaker at schools, she educates about space, encouraging children to explore science.

Achievements

Maggie achieved extremely well academically and has the title 'Doctor of Mechanical Engineering.' She was also awarded royal titles by Queen Elizabeth II and King Charles for services to science education and diversity making her Dame Aderin-Pocock.









Mary Anning



Lived: 1799 - 1847

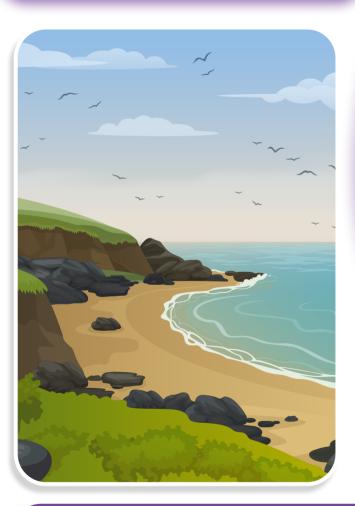


Born in Dorset, England



Who is Mary Anning?

Mary was a fossil
hunter who grew up
in Dorset which is
now known as the
Jurassic coast because
of the fossil evidence
to be found there.
Her most famous
discovery was the first
Plesiosaur skeleton.



Fossil Wonder!

At the age of 12, she discovered a 5.2m fossilised skeleton. It was later discovered to be Ichthyosaurus.

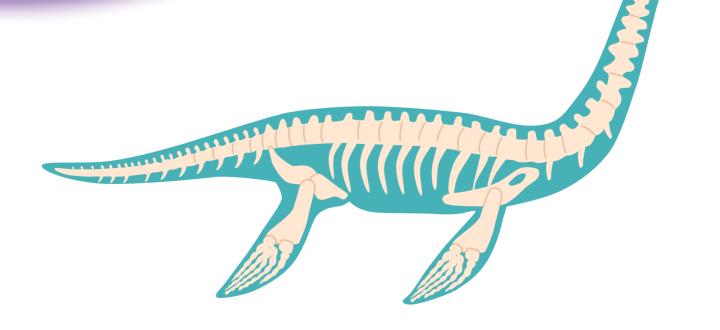
Achievements

Mary's work
transformed
understanding; her
fossils are displayed
in museums and
continue to inspire
future scientists
exploring Earth's
history.



Pioneering Palaeontologist

People at the time thought that the fossilised skeletons were so strange that they must be fake. Mary Anning was a pioneering palaeontologist but was not recognised for her efforts because she was poor and female.











Mary Seacole



Lived: 1805 - 1881



Place of Birth: Kingston, Jamaica



Who is Mary Seacole?

Mary Seacole was famous for going to help injured British soldiers during the Crimean War in Russia.

Healthcare Provider

Mary was known for her expertise in herbal medicines. She was skilled in using natural remedies from plants and herbs to help treat various illnesses and injuries that soldiers obtained on the hattlefield





Compassionate Caregiver

Due to her kind and caring nature, Mary was soon given the name 'Mother Seacole' by the soldiers she nursed back to health. She went above and beyond to provide comfort for those who needed it most.

Legacy

Mary Seacole embodied kindness, love and bravery and her story teaches people to use their talents for good.









Zaha Hadid



Lived: 1950 -2016



Place of Birth: London, England

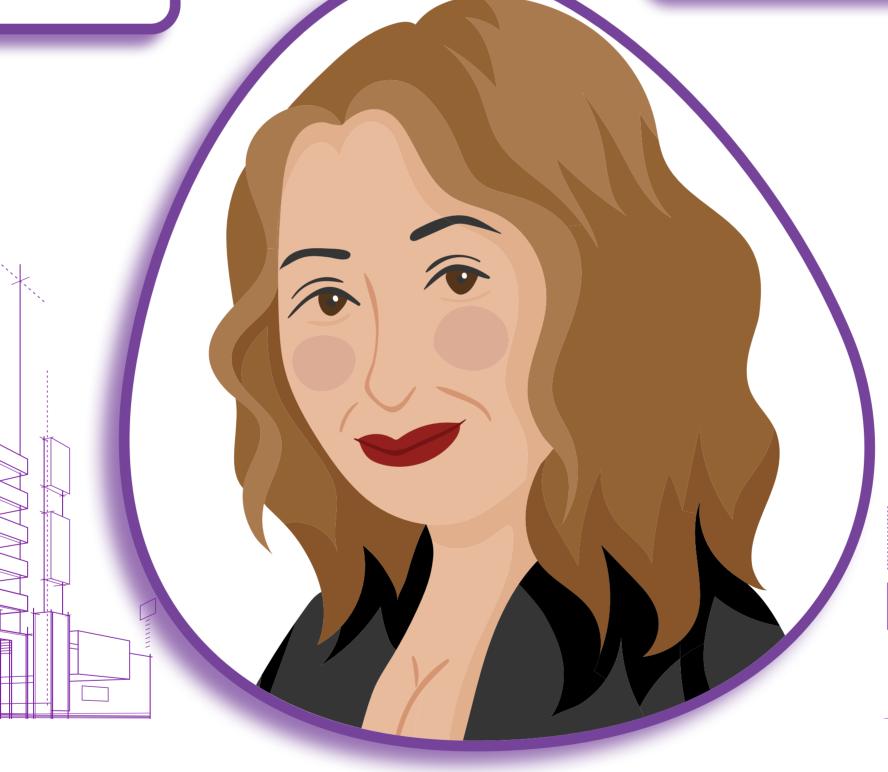


Who is Zaha Hadid?

Dame Zaha Hadid, a British-Iraqi architect, pushed the boundaries of what design and architecture could be.

Astonishing Architecture

Zaha became the first woman to be awarded the Pritzker Architecture Prize – one of the world's leading architecture awards.





Architectural Marvels!

Zaha cared about the buildings she would design. Her works were inspired by the curves and lines she would see in nature. She would spend time researching a local area before deciding on her final design.

Legacy

Zaha Hadid's legacy lives on in the buildings that she helped to create. They stand as testaments to her vision and creativity and there is no doubt that her work has inspired generations of architects worldwide.







